

Applications Overview

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Applications are created when object type groups, fields, configurable forms, and roles come together. An application controls and directs the movement of data to end users and allows them to complete tasks and view information via activities, which then determines what kind of data a user will create, edit, and view through [actions](#), [views](#), and [roles](#).

The screenshot shows the Resolver application interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Resolver logo, a search bar, and user profile icons. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'Security Risk Management', 'Location Profiles', 'Asset Profiles', 'Risks', and 'Assessments'. The 'Risks' tab is selected. The main content area is titled 'Security Risk Management: Risks'. It features a '+ ADD SECURITY RISK' button. Below this, there is a list of risks, each with a unique ID (R-1 to R-5), a title, a description, and an 'Active' status button. A search bar is located at the top right of the list.

ID	Risk Name	Description	Status
R-1	Competition	The risk of not responding effectively to shifts and trends in the marketplace by prioritising products or balancing businesses in a strategic context to optimise business performance.	Active
R-2	Disruptive Innovation	Rapid speed of disruptive innovations or new technologies within the industry may outpace organization's ability to compete	Active
R-3	Customer Satisfaction	Failure to effectively understand and respond to customer expectations.	Active
R-4	Foreign Markets	Failure to manage and adapt to the risk of changes in the financial markets and economies overseas, including global trade policies	Active
R-5	Legal/Regulatory	Changing regulations may threaten the company's competitive position and capacity to efficiently conduct business. Failure to comply with established regulations could result in penalties to the compa ...	Active

An application with an activity, action, and view.



Both end users and administrators will not be able to see an application in the nav bar until a role they belong to has been granted permission to access an activity through the activity's settings.

Because applications rely on other key components of Core, such as object types and roles, you can't create an application until these other components exist. See the [About Applications](#) section to review the recommended process for creating these components.